SUMMARY OF PROPOSED FLOOR DRAFT:

Bill 85 (2018), CD2 RELATING TO SHORT-TERM RENTALS.

THE PROPOSED FD1 makes the following amendments to the proposed CD2:

- A. In SECTION 3 of the bill, deletes the second sentence of proposed new Section 21-2.150-4 ("The department and the zoning board of appeals do not have special competence in or primary jurisdiction over such violations and the neighbor is not required to exhaust any administrative procedures before instituting action.").
- B. Moves the hosting platform regulations (formerly in SECTION 10 of the bill) to SECTION 5 of the bill, which creates a new Article 2A in the LUO. Renumbers subsequent sections accordingly.
- C. Amends the proposed new Section 21-2A.30 ("Reporting") to provide that <u>subject</u> to applicable laws, registered hosting platforms are required to submit monthly reports to the DPP Director, which include, for each bed and breakfast home and transient vacation unit located within the city for which the hosting platform provided booking services in the preceding month:
 - The names of the persons responsible for each listing;
 - The address of each listing;
 - 3. The length of stay for each listing; and
 - 4. The price paid for each stay.
- D. Amends proposed new Section 21-2A.40 ("Penalties") to provide that if the director determines that a hosting platform is in violation of the provisions of the article, notwithstanding the civil fines specified in Section 21-2.150-2(b)(1)(C) and 21-2.150-2(b)(1)(D), a violator is subject to a civil fine of not less than \$25,000.
- E. In renumbered SECTION 11, amends Chapter 21, Article 10 ("Definitions") to add new definitions of "booking service" and "hosting platform."
- F. In renumbered SECTION 16, provides that the ordinance takes effect on October 1, 2019 (instead of upon approval).
- G. Makes miscellaneous technical and nonsubstantive amendments.



ORDINANCE	

Proposed

A BILL FOR AN ORDINANCE

RELATING TO VACATION RENTALS.

BE IT ORDAINED by the People of the City and County of Honolulu:

SECTION 1. Purpose. The purpose of this ordinance is to amend the Land Use Ordinance to further regulate vacation rentals.

SECTION 2. Chapter 21, Article 2, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990, is amended by adding a new Section 21-2.150-3 to read as follows:

"Sec. 21-2.150-3 Advertisements for transient vacation units or bed and breakfast homes.

- (a) Advertisements.
 - (1) <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this subsection:

"Advertisement" means any sign; banner; written, graphic, or pictorial statement; or broadcast in English or any other language, used to publicize or offer for accommodation any dwelling unit or lodging unit, or portion thereof, or any other permanent or temporary habitable space within the city as a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit.

"Person" means a judicial person or a natural person, and includes businesses, companies, associations, non-profit organizations, firms, partnerships, corporations, limited liability companies, and individuals.

- (2) <u>Prohibition. Advertisements for all bed and breakfast homes and transient</u> vacation units are subject to this subsection.
 - (A) It is unlawful for any person to advertise or cause the advertisement of a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit without including in the advertisement:
 - (1) A nonconforming use certificate number obtained pursuant to Section 21-4.110-1 or Section 21-4.110-2; or
 - (2) For transient vacation units located in the resort district, resort mixed use precinct of the Waikiki special district, or in the A-2 medium density apartment district pursuant to



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Section 21-5.640(a), the street address, including, if applicable, any apartment unit number.

- (B) Upon receipt of a notice of violation, the advertisement must be removed within seven days. If the advertisement is not removed within seven days, a fine will be levied for each day the advertisement is on public display, as provided in subdivision (4).
- (C) The existence of an advertisement will be prima facie evidence that a bed and breakfast home or a transient vacation unit is being operated at the listed address. The burden of proof is on the owner of the subject real property to establish that the property is not being used as a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit, or that the advertisement was placed without the property owner's knowledge or consent.
- (3) Exemptions. The following are exempt from the provisions of this subsection.
 - (A) Legally established hotels, whether owned by one person, or owned individually as unit owners but operating as a hotel as defined in Chapter 21, Article 10.
 - (B) <u>Legally established time-sharing units, as provided in Section 21-5.640.</u>
- (4) Penalties. Any person who violates any of the provisions of this subsection shall be fined not less than \$25,000.00 and not more than \$50,000.00 for each day that the advertisement is on public display beyond seven days from the date a notice of violation is received.

 Landowners, agents, or any other person associated with the property shall be liable for each violation, whether or not they are named in the advertisement.
- (b) Nothing in this subsection precludes the department from seeking any other remedy against a violator of this section."



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SECTION 3. Chapter 21, Article 2, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990, is amended by adding a new Section 21-2.150-4 to read as follows:

"Sec. 21-2.150-4 Private right of action.

A neighbor may institute a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction against any person for violation of the provisions of this chapter pertaining to bed and breakfast homes and transient vacation units and shall be entitled to all remedies available under the law or in equity appropriate to remedy any such violation, including but not limited to a fine equal to the gross amount paid by a customer to rent a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit, which shall be doubled if the violation is shown to be willful. If the neighbor is the prevailing party in any legal action taken pursuant to this section, the court shall award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs as part of the costs recoverable. Any fine which has not been satisfied in full within 90 days and has not been successfully challenged by a timely writ of mandate shall constitute a lien against the real property as to which the violation occurred and may be recorded; provided that no such lien shall be imposed if the owner of the property did not commit a violation of this chapter in connection with the rental and the owner establishes that all phases of the rental, including advertising, offer and exchange, took place without the owner's knowledge. Due to the special competence of the department in investigating and remedying violations of this chapter, no action under this section may be brought until six months after the neighbor has filed a complaint with the department against the person alleged to be in violation of the provisions of this chapter pertaining to bed and breakfast homes and transient vacation units."

SECTION 4. Chapter 21, Article 2, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990 ("Administration and Enforcement"), is amended by adding a new Section 21-2.150-5 to read as follows:

"Sec. 21-2.150-5 Depository of fees and civil penalties relating to bed and breakfast homes or transient vacation units.

Notwithstanding any other ordinance to the contrary, payments of fees and civil penalties relating to bed and breakfast homes or transient vacation units shall be deposited into a special account of the general fund, to be appropriately named by the department of budget and fiscal services, and used for expenses related to the enforcement by the department of the provisions of this chapter relating to bed and breakfast homes and transient vacation units."



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SECTION 5. Chapter 21, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990 ("Land Use Ordinance"), is amended by adding a new Article 2A to read as follows:

"Article 2A. Hosting Platforms

Sec. 21-2A.10 Booking Services.

- (a) It is unlawful for a person acting as, or on behalf of, a hosting platform to provide and collect, or receive a fee for, booking services in connection with any bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit located within the city if such bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit is not lawfully registered, permitted, or otherwise allowed as a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit pursuant to this chapter at the time the bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit is booked.
- (b) Hosting platforms shall not collect or receive a fee, directly or indirectly through an agent or intermediary, for facilitating or providing services ancillary to a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit in the city that is not lawfully registered, permitted, or otherwise allowed pursuant to this chapter, including, but not limited to, insurance, concierge services, catering, restaurant bookings, tours, guide services, entertainment, cleaning, property management, or maintenance of the residential property or unit.

Sec. 21-2A.20 Registration.

- (a) It is unlawful for any hosting platform to provide booking services to owners or operators of bed and breakfast homes or transient vacation units located within the city without first registering with the department. In order to register, a hosting platform shall provide a hosting platform registration statement to the director, in a form prescribed by the director, pay a registration fee of \$100, and agree in writing:
 - (1) To obtain written consent from all owners or operators of bed and breakfast homes or transient vacation units located within the city for the disclosure of the information required under Section 21-2A.30; and
 - (2) To furnish such information to the city in accordance with Section 21-2A.30.



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(b) A hosting platform may cancel its registration under this section by delivering written notice of cancellation to the director. The director may cancel a hosting platform's registration under this section for cause, including any violation of this article, by delivering written notice of cancellation to the hosting platform no later than 90 days prior to the effective date of cancellation. Nothing in this section relieves the owner or operator of a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit located within the city from the requirements set forth in Section 21-2.150-3.

Sec. 21-2A.30 Reporting.

- (a) Subject to applicable laws, all hosting platforms registered pursuant to Section 21-2A.20 shall report to the director on a monthly basis, on the date and in the electronic format specified by the director, for each bed and breakfast home and transient vacation unit located within the city for which the hosting platform provided booking services in the preceding month. The report must include:
 - The names of the persons responsible for each listing;
 - (2) The address of each listing;
 - (3) The length of stay for each listing; and
 - (4) The price paid for each stay.
- (b) The director may disclose such information to the appropriate state or city officials to ensure compliance with this article, state tax laws, and county tax ordinances, and any applicable land use laws and ordinances.

Sec. 21-2A.40 Penalties.

If the director determines that a hosting platform is violating any provision of this article, notwithstanding the civil fines specified in Section 21-2.150-2(b)(1)(C) and 21-2.150-2(b)(1)(D), a violator is subject to a civil fine of not less than \$25,000."



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SECTION 6. Table 21-3, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990 ("Master Use Table"), is amended by amending the "Dwellings and Lodgings" category to amend the "Transient vacation units" use entry, to read as follows:

"TABLE 21-3 MASTER USE TABLE

In the event of any conflict between the text of this Chapter and the following table, the text of the Chapter shall control. The following table is not intended to cover the Walkiki Special District; please refer to Table 21-9.6(A).

KEY: Ac = Special accessory use subject to standards in Article 5
Cm = Conditional Use Permit-minor subject to standards in Article 5; no public hearing required (see Article 2 for exceptions)
C = Conditional Use Permit-major subject to standards in Article 5; public hearing required
P = Permitted use

P/c = Permitted use subject to standards in Article 5

PRU = Plan Review Use

						ZONI	NG DI	STRIC	TS	,											
USES (<u>Note</u> : Certain uses are defined in Article 10.)	P-2	AG-1	AG-2	Country	R-20, R-10	R-7.5, R-5, R-3.5	A-1	A-2	A-3	AMX-1	AMX-2	AMX-3	Resort	B-1	B-2	BMX-3	BMX-4	7	1.2	23	IMX-1
DWELLINGS AND LODGINGS																					
Transient vacation units								P/c					(P) <u>P/</u> S								



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SECTION 7. Section 21-4.110-1, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 21-4.110-1 Nonconforming use certificates for transient vacation units.

- (a) The purpose of this section is to [treat] permit certain transient vacation units [which] that have been in operation since prior to October 22, 1986, [as-nonconforming uses and to allow them] to continue to operate as nonconforming uses subject to obtaining a nonconforming use certificate as provided by this section. This section applies to any owner, operator, or proprietor of a transient vacation unit who holds a valid nonconforming use certificate issued pursuant to this section on the effective date of this ordinance.
- [(b) The owner, operator, or proprietor of any transient vacation unit which isoperating in an area where such use is not expressly permitted by this chaptershall, within nine months of December 28, 1989, establish to the satisfaction of the director that the use was in existence prior to October 22, 1986 and hascontinued through December 28, 1989, or shall cease its operation. The owner, operator, or proprietor shall have the burden of proof in establishing that the use is nonconforming. Documentation substantiating existence may include records of occupancy or tax documents, such as State of Hawaii general excise tax records, transient accommodations tax records, and federal and/or State of Hawaii income tax returns, for the years 1986 to 1989. Upon a determination that the use was in existence prior to October 22, 1986 and has continued through December 28, 1989, the director shall issue a nonconforming use-certificate for the transient vacation unit.
- (c) Failure to obtain a nonconforming use certificate within nine months of December 28, 1989 shall mean that the alleged nonconforming use, as of December 28, 1989, is not a bona fide nonconforming use, and shall not continue as a nonconforming use but shall be treated as an illegal use.]
- [(d)](b) The owner, operator, or proprietor of any transient vacation unit who has obtained a nonconforming use certificate under this section shall apply to renew the nonconforming use certificate in accordance with the following schedule:
 - (1) between September 1, 2000 and October 15, 2000; then
 - (2) between September 1 and October 15 of every even-numbered year thereafter.



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Each application to renew shall include proof that (i) there were in effect a State of Hawaii general excise tax license and transient accommodations tax license for the nonconforming use during each calendar year covered by the nonconforming use certificate being renewed and that there were transient occupancies (occupancies of less than 30 days apiece) for a total of at least 35 days during each such year and that (ii) there has been no period of 12 consecutive months during the period covered by the nonconforming use certificate being renewed without a transient occupancy. Failure to meet these conditions will result in the denial of the application for renewal of the nonconforming use certificate. The requirement for the 35 days of transient occupancies shall be effective on January 1, 1995 and shall apply to renewal applications submitted on or after January 1, 1996.

- [(e)](c) The owner, operator, or proprietor of any transient vacation unit who has obtained a nonconforming use certificate under this section shall display the certificate issued for the current year in a conspicuous place on the premises. In the event that a single address is associated with numerous nonconforming use certificates, a listing of all units at that address holding current certificates may be displayed in a conspicuous common area instead.
- (d) Advertisements for transient vacation units operating under a nonconforming use certificate pursuant to this section are subject to Section 21-2.150-3."

SECTION 8. Section 21-4.110-2, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 21-4.110-2 Bed and breakfast homes--Nonconforming use certificates.

- (a) The purpose of this section is to [generally prohibit bed and breakfast homes, while permitting] permit certain bed and breakfast homes [which] that have been in operation since prior to December 28, 1989, to continue to operate as nonconforming uses subject to obtaining a nonconforming use certificate as provided by this section. This section applies to any owner, operator, or proprietor of a bed and breakfast home who holds a valid nonconforming use certificate issued pursuant to this section on the effective date of this ordinance.
- [(b) The owner, operator, or proprietor of any bed and breakfast home shall, within nine months of December 28, 1989, establish to the satisfaction of the director-that the use was in existence as of December 28, 1989, or shall cease its operation. The owner, operator, or proprietor shall have the burden of proof inestablishing that the use is nonconforming. Documentation substantiating existence of a bed and breakfast home as of December 28, 1989 may include



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records of occupancy or tax documents, such as State of Hawaii general excise-tax records, transient accommodations tax records, and federal and/or State of Hawaii income tax returns, for the year preceding December 28, 1989. Upon a determination that the use was in existence as of December 28, 1989, the director shall issue a nonconforming-use certificate for the bed and breakfast home.

- (c) Failure to obtain a nonconforming-use certificate-within-nine-months of-December 28, 1989-shall mean that the alleged nonconforming-use as of-December 28, 1989, is not a bona fide nonconforming use, and shall not continue as a nonconforming use, but shall be treated as an illegal-use.]
- [(d)](b) The owner, operator, or proprietor of any bed and breakfast home who has obtained a nonconforming use certificate under this section shall apply to renew the nonconforming use certificate in accordance with the following schedule:
 - (1) [between] Between September 1, 2000 and October 15, 2000; then
 - (2) [between] <u>Between</u> September 1 and October 15 of every even-numbered year thereafter.

Each application to renew shall include proof that (i) there were in effect a State of Hawaii general excise tax license and transient accommodations tax license for the nonconforming use for each calendar year covered by the nonconforming use certificate being renewed and that there were bed and breakfast occupancies (occupancies of less than 30 days apiece) for a total of at least 28 days during each such year and that (ii) there has been no period of 12 consecutive months during the period covered by the nonconforming use certificate being renewed without a bed and breakfast occupancy. Failure to meet these conditions will result in the denial of the application for renewal of the nonconforming use certificate. The requirement for the 28 days of bed and breakfast occupancies shall be effective on January 1, 1995 and shall apply to renewal applications submitted on or after January 1, 1996.

[(e)](c)[Except those bed and breakfast homes which are nonconforming uses, and, after nine months from December 28, 1989, for which a nonconforming use-certificate has been issued and renewed, as required, pursuant to this section, bed and breakfast homes are prohibited in all zoning districts.] Section 21-5.350 relating to home occupations shall not apply to bed and breakfast homes.



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- [(f)](d) Those bed and breakfast homes for which a nonconforming use certificate has been issued and renewed, as required, pursuant to this section shall operate pursuant to the following restrictions and standards:
 - (1) Detached dwellings used as bed and breakfast homes shall be occupied by a family and shall not be used as a group living facility. Rooming shall not be permitted in bed and breakfast homes.
 - (2) No more than two guest rooms shall be rented to guests, and the maximum number of guests permitted within the bed and breakfast home at any one time shall be four.
 - (3) There shall be no exterior signage that advertises or announces that the dwelling is used as a bed and breakfast home.
 - (4) One off street parking space shall be provided for each guest room, in addition to the required spaces for the dwelling unit.
 - (5) Advertisements for bed and breakfast homes operating under a nonconforming use certificate pursuant to this section are subject to Section 21-2.150-3.
- [(g)](e) The owner, operator, or proprietor of any bed and breakfast home who has obtained a nonconforming use certificate under this section shall display the certificate issued for the current year in a conspicuous place on the premises."

SECTION 9. Section 21-5.640, Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 21-5.640 Time sharing and transient vacation units.

- (a) Time sharing and transient vacation units [shall be] are permitted in the A-2 medium density apartment zoning district provided:
 - [(a)](1) They are within 3,500 feet of a resort zoning district of greater than 50 contiguous acres; and
 - [(b)](2) The resort district and the A-2 district [shall] have been rezoned pursuant to the same zone change application as part of a master-planned resort community.



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(b) This subsection applies to any transient vacation unit subject to subsection (a), or located in the resort district or the resort mixed use precinct of the Waikiki special district. The owner, operator, or proprietor of the transient vacation unit, and any rental agent thereof, shall comply with Section 21-2.150-3, relating to advertisements for transient vacation units."

SECTION 10. Table 21-9.6(A), Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990 ("Waikiki Special District Precinct Permitted Uses and Structures"), is amended:

a. By amending the "transient vacation units" use or structure entry to read as follows:

	Table 21-9.6(A) iki Special District Precin nitted Uses and Structure		
Use or Structure	Precinct		
	Apartment	Resort Mixed Use	Public
Transient vacation units		[P] <u>P/c</u>	

b. By amending the "Ministerial uses" note to the table to read as follows:

"Ministerial uses:

Ac = Special accessory use. Also see: Article 10, Accessory use; and Section 21-

5.330, Home occupations

P = Permitted principal use

P/c = Permitted use subject to standards in Article 5

P9 = Permitted principal use subject to standards enumerated in Article 9; see Section

21-9.80-5(d), 21-9.80-6(d), or 21-9.80-8(d)

P-AMX = Within the apartment precinct, a permitted principal use only within the apartment

mixed use subprecinct"



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SECTION 11. Chapter 21, Article 10 Revised Ordinances of Honolulu 1990 ("Definitions"), is amended by adding new definitions of "booking service" and "hosting platform" to read as follows:

"Booking service" means any reservation or payment service provided by a person that facilitates a transaction between an owner, operator, or proprietor of a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit, and a prospective user of that bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit, and for which the person collects or receives, directly or indirectly through an agent or intermediary, a fee in connection with the reservation or payment services provided for by the transaction.

"Hosting platform" means a person that collects or receives a fee for booking services through which an owner, operator, or proprietor of a bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit may offer use of the bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit. Hosting platforms typically, but not necessarily, provide booking services through an online platform that allows the owner, operator, or proprietor to advertise the bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit through a website provided by the hosting platform, and the hosting platform conducts a transaction by which potential users arrange the use of and payment for the bed and breakfast home or transient vacation unit, whether the payment is made directly to the owner, operator, or proprietor, or to the hosting platform."

SECTION 12. No later than six months after the effective date of this ordinance, the department shall:

- (1) Establish and implement specific procedures by which the public may submit written or verbal complaints and investigation requests to the department regarding potential violations of applicable laws regarding bed and breakfast homes and transient vacation units. The procedures must include the establishment and staffing of a telephone hotline for verbal complaints and investigation requests from the public;
- (2) Establish and implement specific procedures by which the department investigates public complaints in a timely manner, efficiently obtains evidence pursuant to the investigations, and notifies the complaining parties of the status and results of the investigation; and
- (3) Conduct community outreach to educate the public regarding the complaint and investigative process, and publicize the availability of the hotline.



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SECTION 13. No later than 10 days after the department receives the monthly reports from hosting platforms pursuant to Section 41-__.2, the department shall prepare and submit a report to the Council showing, by Council district, for the month covered by the corresponding hosting platform reports:

- (1) The total number of bed and breakfast home listings in each district; and
- (2) The total number of transient vacation unit listings in each district.

SECTION 14. In SECTIONS 2 through 4, and 6 through 11 of this ordinance, ordinance material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken and new material is underscored. When revising, compiling, or printing this ordinance for inclusion in the Revised Ordinances of Honolulu, the Revisor of Ordinances need not include the brackets, the material that has been bracketed and stricken, or the underscoring. The Revisor of Ordinances shall, pursuant to the Revisor's authority under ROH Section 1-16.3(b)(1), replace the phrase "effective date of this ordinance" or similar phrase used in the codified language of this ordinance with the actual date on which the ordinance takes effect.

SECTION 15. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the ordinance that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are severable.



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SECTION 16. This ordinance takes effect on October 1, 2019.

	INTRODUCED BY:
	Ron Menor
	Joey Manahan
•	
DATE OF INTRODUCTION:	
November 15, 2018 Honolulu, Hawaii	Councilmembers
APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGA	
Deputy Corporation Counsel	
APPROVED this day of	, 20
Mayor	
City and County of Honolulu	